# A Bibliometric Analysis of Journals in Educational Research

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Abstract—The influence and impact of journals in the scientific community is a fundamental question for researchers worldwide because it measures the importance and quality of a publication. This study analyses all the journals that are currently ranked in any educational research category in Web of Science by using bibliometric indicators. The aim is to provide a general overview of their impact and influence between 1989 and 2013. The journals are divided in seven research categories that represent the whole field of educational research. The analysis also develops a general comparison between all the categories. The results show that many interdisciplinary journals obtain a broader impact than the core journals although these publications are also well positioned in the field.

Index Terms— Bibliometrics, journal analysis, educational research, Web of Science.

### I. INTRODUCTION

In the fifties, Eugene Garfield [5] described the idea of a citation index for the sciences. Working with Irv Sher, he designed the impact factor calculation to analyze and identify influential journals [7]. Thus, in 1963, the first Science Citation Index appeared, for 1961. In 1976, Garfield published the first Journal Citation Reports (JCR) as part of the Science Citation Index [6]. This work presented the impact factors for 1975 as well as many other measures of journal use. By compiling articles' cited references, JCR helps to measure research influence and impact at the journal and category levels, and shows the relationship between citing and cited journals.

Bibliometric studies use the bibliographic material to provide a general overview of a research field by analysing the data quantitatively [2]. Although there are many authors that have studied educational research with bibliometric indicators [3-4,9], none of the studies have presented a general overview of the current status of the main leading journals in the field. Some of them have used education journals for the bibliometric analysis but not as a general overview [1,10]. Therefore, the aim of this paper is to analyze the educational research journals indexed in the Web of Science database and see their publication and citation structure over the last twenty-five years. The main advantage of this approach is that it takes into account a long period of time and deals with a wide range of bibliometric indicators that show different characteristics of the journals. Therefore,

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the information provided is more complete because sporadic changes do not affect the analysis so much. Thus, the key contribution of this paper is to provide a general overview of the current state of all the educational research journals indexed in WoS. The journals are classified in seven general categories of education. The study ends with a general comparison of all the categories that takes into account their evolution between 1989 and 2013.

This rest of the paper is structured as follows. Section II briefly analyses the bibliometric methodology of the paper. Section III presents the results and Section IV the main conclusions of the paper.

### II. BIBLIOMETRIC METHODS

This paper studies the information by using the Web of Science (WoS). The site belongs to Thomson and Reuters that acquired it from the Institute for Scientific Information (ISI). The search of information was carried out with the names of the publications contained in the database. These journals were obtained by filtering the WoS that includes four categories in educational research and 326 journals: Education, Psychology Education, Scientific Education and Education Special. However, the analysis divided educational research in seven fields in order to give a more specific classification of educational research: Education Studies, Education and Scientific Disciplines, Education and Technology, Psychology & Education, Education Special, Professional Development of Teachers and Curriculum Studies and Social Sciences Disciplines and Education. Note that in some particular cases, some journals were classified in an area different from the WoS category since their scope could be seen from different perspectives.

The journals are ranked by the total citations (TC). The main reason is that TC reflects the influence of a publication. TC is an indicator that shows how many times the article has been cited by papers published in WoS [11]. Total Papers (TP) was used in order to show the number of articles published in WoS and it reflects the productivity of a certain journal. Another indicator used was the average citation per item (TC/TP) and the h-index [8] which reflects the number of papers X that has received at least X citations [12]. This idea can be expressed with the following formulation:  $\{H = X \Leftrightarrow TC_X \ge P_X\}$  where  $P_X$  is the Xth paper of the set of articles ordered in a descending way according to the number of citations and  $TC_X$  is the number of citations of the Xth paper.

For the journal analysis it was also used the Impact Factor (IF) [6-7]. Impact Factor is one of the most popular tools for judging the impact and importance of a journal [13]. It measures the influence of a specific journal according to the following procedure. First, it chooses the publications of the

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last year, in this paper 2013. Next, it goes back two years and takes the sum of citations obtained for the journal. This number is divided by the sum of the publications made in the past two years. In this way, the Impact Factor shows the average numbers of citations obtained by a journal in the last two years. Although, it has some criticisms because it only takes two years to compare the citations and often this may be an excessively short period. Because of that, the analysis also considers the Five Year Impact Factor (IF5) that has the same procedure as the Impact Factor, but considering the last five years of citations. Finally, note that the investigation considers a time space of 25 years (1989 – 2013) and the information was collected in October 2014.

### III. RESULTS

In this section, let us present the results of the study. The following tables contain all the indicators described in the previous section and are separated by the seven categories. Observe that only the top 20 journals in each category are presented. First, let us look into the Education Studies category which is at the core of the educational research discipline. Table 1 presents a ranking of the journals in this category ordered according to the total number of citations.

Next, let us present the Professional Development and Curriculum Studies of Teachers category. Note that this category could be divided in two groups. The reason for including the Professional Development and Curriculum Studies of Teachers together is that many journals are publishing papers that could be classified in both groups. Therefore, it is better to group all of them together to avoid omissions in one of the categories. Table 2 presents the results.

The category of Education and Technology is still small although it is growing a lot due to the fact that technology has become in the last years a powerful tool for improving and adding new educational techniques. The results of this category are shown in Table 3.

The category of Psychology and Education is the biggest one of all. The main reason for this is that it includes journals

from education and psychology, which are very broad subjects. Table 4 presents the journal rankings.

Next, let us present the category of Scientific Disciplines and Education. This category includes journals that integrate two big areas: scientific disciplines and education. This produces an overlap between citations because it collects cites from many topics. Table 5 shows the results.

Special Education is a category that includes all the journals related to research regarding learning differences and disabilities. The results are shown in Table 6.

Social Sciences Disciplines and Education it is also a category that includes journals from different fields. Among others it is worth noting history, anthropology, sociology and economics. The results of this category are presented in Table 7.

Each educational category shows a different profile regarding the publication and citation structure. In order to see the differences between them, let us compare each category from a global perspective. Table 8 presents several bibliometric indicators for each category.

As we can see, the most cited category is Psychology & Education. Indeed this reaffirms the individual results found in this category where the interdisciplinary nature brings a higher degree of citations than in other areas. The huge differences between this category and the rest can be seen in the TC/TP ratio where the value of Psychology & Education is two to four times higher than the rest of categories. This occurs because this category aligns with Psychology which is a research field with a higher citation rate than the common social sciences. The rest of the categories obtain results in accordance to their size.

Next, let us classify the citation evolution of each category by years. Table 9 presents the number of annual citations received in each category.

Psychology & Education is the field with the highest number of citations although during the last decade, Professional Development of Teachers and Curriculum Studies and Education and Scientific Disciplines are receiving more citations. The citation level of the last five years is still very low because these papers still need more time to consolidate their citation structure.

Table 1. Journals in Education Studies

1 au	ie 1. Journals in Education Studies								
R	Name	TC	TP	Η	TC/TP	Y	V	IF	IF5
1	Review of Educational Research	32198	505	97	63,76	1989	59	5.000	6.261
2	American Educational Research Journal	26509	809	82	32,77	1989	26	2.275	3.618
3	International Journal of Science Education	25097	2068	56	12,14	1989	11	1.516	2.023
4	Science Education	21760	1329	64	16,37	1989	73	2.921	3.623
5	Language Learning	12673	747	56	16,97	1989	39	1.433	2.248
6	Harvard Educational Review	11112	1159	55	9,59	1989	59	1.080	1.317
7	Journal of Educational Research	10449	978	42	10,68	1989	82	0.847	1.282
8	Journal of the Learning Sciences	9929	390	53	25,46	1995	4	2.862	3.260
9	British Educational Research Journal	6513	1115	36	5,84	2000	26	1.172	1.760
10	Journal of Experimental Education	5846	540	35	10,83	1989	57	0.643	1.278
11	Oxford Review of Education	5832	971	29	6,01	1989	15	0.537	0.897
12	Educational Research	4970	975	28	5,10	1989	31	0.339	0.750
13	Review of Research in Education	4885	165	38	29,61	1990	16	0.900	2.423
14	Comparative Education	4705	1091	28	4,31	1989	25	0.724	0.848
15	Comparative Education Review	4281	1527	27	2,80	1989	33	0.907	1.115
16	Gender and Education	3756	903	27	4,16	2000	12	0.705	0.757
17	Educational Studies	3476	922	23	3,77	1989	15	0.351	0.563
18	British Journal of Educational Studies	3340	1848	22	1,81	1989	37	0.636	1.046
19	Educational Review	2931	1807	22	1,62	1989	41	0.544	0.711
20	Educational Researcher	2761	319	25	8,66	2008	37	2.963	3.914

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Table 2. Journals in Professional Development and Curriculum Studies of Teachers

R	Name	TC	TP	Н	TC/TP	Y	V	IF	IF5
1	Journal of Research in Science Teaching	36001	1630	74	22,09	1989	26	3.020	3.782
2	Health Education Research	30001	1713	71	17,51	1991	6	1.944	2.508
3	Teaching and Teacher Education	22236	2011	54	11,06	1989	5	1.607	1.612
4	Aids Education and Prevention	20054	1200	56	16,71	1992	4	1.505	2.298
5	Learning and Instruction	14942	672	53	22,24	1997	7	3.079	4.071
6	Journal of American College Health	14787	1120	55	13,20	1994	43	1.397	2.223
7	Higher Education	14689	1876	48	7,83	1989	18	1.124	1.354
8	Reading Research Quarterly	14539	738	59	19,70	1989	24	1.650	2.681
9	Tesol Quarterly	13964	1667	54	8,38	1989	23	1.000	1.179
10	Teacher College Record	13515	2589	46	5,22	1989	90	0.722	1.169
11	Journal of College Student Development	12733	2210	37	5,76	1989	30	0.355	0.796
12	Elementary School Journal	11223	755	47	14,86	1989	89	1.111	1.641
13	Research in Higher Education	11065	911	43	12,15	1989	30	1.141	1.656
14	Phi Delta Kappan	10979	5758	35	1,91	1989	70	0.214	0.190
15	Studies in Higher Education	10876	1600	45	6,80	1989	14	1.278	1.985
16	Early Childhood Research Quarterly	10869	763	47	14,25	1994	9	2.058	3.657
17	Journal of Higher Education	10624	1324	45	8,02	1989	60	1.051	1.626
18	Journal of Teacher Education	10534	1093	41	9,64	1989	40	2.208	3.110
19	Reading and Writing	10383	737	47	14,09	1990	2	1.331	1.828
20	Instructional Science	7771	650	38	11,96	1989	18	1.130	2.016

Table 3. Journals in Education & Technology

1 40.	ic 5. Journals in Education & Technology								
R	Name	TC	TP	Н	TC/TP	Y	V	IF	IF5
1	Computers & Education	29269	2847	61	10,28	1989	13	2.630	3.242
2	ETR-D Educational Techn. Research and Development	11929	1076	49	11,09	1989	37	0.919	1.535
3	British Journal of Education Technology	9844	2793	37	3,52	1989	20	1.394	1.912
4	IEEE Transactions on Education	9767	1683	33	5,80	1989	32	1.220	1.383
5	Journal of Computer Assisted Learning	8750	817	42	10,71	1995	11	1.023	1.836
6	Journal of Educational Computing Research	5838	806	33	7,24	1989	5	0.659	0.858
7	Educational Technology Society	5797	1006	30	5,76	2003	6	0.824	1.340
8	Language Learning Technology	2693	334	29	8,06	2003	7	1.929	2.362
9	Int. J. Computer Supported Collaborative Learning	2121	196	24	10,82	2006	1	1.830	2.609
10	Computer Applications in Engineering Education	1914	717	14	2,67	1997	5	0.449	0.725
11	Australasian Journal of Educational Technology	1910	443	18	4,31	2007	23	0.875	1.198
12	Internet and Higher Education	1459	212	18	6,88	2008	11	2.048	2.635
13	Journal of Science Education and Technology	1241	368	14	3,37	2008	17	0.869	1.296
14	Int. Journal of Technology and Design Education	1098	340	15	3,23	2000	10	0.733	0.902
15	Interactive Learning Environments	1060	256	15	4,14	2003	11	0.750	1.032
16	System	983	446	12	2,20	2008	36	0.889	1.142
17	Learning Media and Technology	705	199	13	3,54	2008	33	0.958	1.529
18	IEEE Transactions on Learning Technologies	671	202	12	3,32	2008	1	1.220	1.383
19	Computer Assisted Language Learning	626	154	11	4,06	2008	21	1.023	1.836
20	Recall	354	120	10	2,95	2009	21	1.226	N/A

Table 4. Journals in Psychology & Education

R	Name	TC	TP	Н	TC/TP	Y	V	IF	IF5
1	Child Development	206420	3190	194	64,71	1989	60	4.235	5.834
2	Journal of Educational Psychology	82429	1665	133	49,51	1989	81	2.909	5.301
3	Journal of Counseling Psychology	42281	1348	85	31,37	1989	36	2.955	3.608
4	Educational and Psychological Measurement	26010	1943	62	13,39	1989	49	1.167	1.582
5	Educational Psychologist	23220	553	78	41,99	1989	24	4.844	4.161
6	School Psychology Review	18695	1168	58	16,01	1989	18	1.655	2.645
7	Contemporary Educational Psychology	17305	731	58	23,67	1989	14	2.000	3.159
8	British Journal of Educational Psychology	16917	1734	58	9,76	1989	59	2.250	2.468
9	Educational Psychology Review	15198	562	67	27,04	1989	1	2.846	3.974
10	Journal of School Psychology	13398	828	53	16,18	1989	27	2.282	3.470
11	Cognition and Instruction	11986	354	57	33,86	1989	6	1.750	2.403
12	Discourse Processes	11887	647	50	18,37	1989	12	0.962	1.411
13	Psychology in the Schools	11811	1719	38	6,87	1989	26	0.566	1.283
14	Journal for Research in Mathematics Education	9792	891	46	10,99	1989	20	1.000	1.730
15	Learning and Individual Differences	8760	933	38	9,39	1993	5	1.565	2.158
16	Creativity Research Journal	8161	767	42	10,64	1994	7	1.514	1.605
17	Journal of Educational Measurement	7384	650	39	11,36	1989	26	0.867	1.064
18	School Psychology Quarterly	6932	538	39	12,88	1994	9	1.000	2.508
19	J. Applied Research in Intellectual Disabilities	6833	2073	31	3,30	1996	9	0.982	1.465
20	Journal of Psychoeducational Assessment	5661	988	30	5,73	1990	8	1.120	1.280

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Table 5. Journals in Scientific Disciplines & Education

R	Name	TC	TP	Н	TC/TP	Y	V	IF	IF5
1	Academic Medicine	94353	8560	97	11,02	1989	64	3.468	3.654
2	Journal of Chemical Education	54580	12026	60	4,54	1989	66	1.001	1.046
3	Medical Education	53778	4879	77	11,02	1989	23	3.617	3.963
4	American Journal of Physics		6017	67	6,91	1989	57	0.804	0.853
5	Medical Teacher	24180	3619	51	6,68	1989	11	2.045	2.170
6	Journal of School Health	20531	2150	57	9,55	1989	59	1.659	2.132
7	Nurse Education Today	15333	2644	31	5,80	1994	14	1.456	1.641
8	American Journal of Pharmaceutical Education	9281	3019	23	3,07	1989	53	1.188	1.461
9	Journal of Nutrition Education and Behavior	7709	1080	34	7,14	2002	34	1.474	2.072
10	Advances in Health Sciences Education	6753	728	32	9,28	1996	1	2.705	2.976
11	Teaching and Learning in Medicine	6298	924	30	6,82	1996	8	1.118	1.173
12	European Journal of Physics	5731	1821	24	3,15	2001	22	0.619	0.652
13	International Journal of Engineering Education	5334	1994	20	2,68	1997	13	0.360	0.434
14	Advances in Physiology Education	5085	883	29	5,76	1995	13	1.237	1.389
15	Journal of Cancer Education	4431	1089	23	4,07	2000	15	1.054	0.978
16	Journal of Engineering Education	4389	393	29	11,17	2004	93	2.717	2.801
17	American Biology Teacher	4271	2837	20	1,51	1989	51	0.369	0.295
18	J. Continuing Education in the Health Professions	3585	408	24	8,79	2005	25	1.190	1.729
19	Journal of Biological Education	3009	1195	22	2,52	1989	23	0.424	0.566
20	Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Education	2948	1131	19	2,61	2000	28	0.593	0.610

Tab	le 6. Journals in Special Education								
R	Name	TC	TP	Н	TC/TP	Y	V	IF	IF5
1	Journal of Intellectual Disability Research	29388	6521	63	4,51	1992	36	2.411	2.800
2	Journal of Learning Disabilities	29093	1561	69	18,64	1989	22	2.025	2.807
3	Research in Developmental Disabilities	23404	2231	58	10,49	1989	10	2.735	2.869
4	Exceptional Children	18000	920	59	19,57	1989	55	1.941	2.943
5	Journal of Special Education	9248	626	42	14,77	1989	23	1.359	2.022
6	Remedial and Special Education	9050	1025	36	8,83	1989	10	1.013	1.070
7	Journal of Emotional and Behavioral Disorders	7701	453	44	17,00	1994	2	0.846	1.479
8	Topics in Early Childhood Special Education	7036	649	39	10,84	1989	9	1.364	1.814
9	Research in Autism Spectrum Disorders	6273	782	31	8,02	2007	1	2.378	2.665
10	Learning Disability Quarterly	6184	595	34	10,39	1989	12	0.643	1.440
11	Journal of Fluency Disorders	6069	1009	32	6,01	1989	14	1.082	1.571
12	Annals of Dyslexia	5974	378	42	15,80	1989	39	1.792	2.357
13	Journal of Intellectual Developmental Disability	5085	714	31	7,12	1996	21	1.061	1.556
14	American Annals of the Deaf	4702	1079	24	4,36	1989	134	0.885	1.080
15	Journal of Early Intervention	4640	600	30	7,73	1991	15	1.030	1.190
16	Gifted Child Quarterly	4221	825	24	5,12	1989	33	1.000	0.881
17	Journal of Positive Behavior Interventions	3547	310	30	11,44	2002	4	1.163	2.052
18	Journal of Deaf Studies and Deaf Education	2447	425	23	5,76	2005	10	1.754	2.045
19	Intervention in School and Clinic	2097	1018	17	2,06	1994	30	0.274	0.440
20	Dyslexia	2054	234	21	8,78	2003	9	1.189	1.918

Table 7. Journals in Social Sciences Disciplines & Education

R	Name	TC	TP	Н	TC/TP	Y	V	IF	IF5
1	Sociology of Education	15089	491	64	30,73	1989	62	2.270	2.941
2	Educational Leadership	10781	5239	37	2,06	1989	46	0.123	0.225
3	Economics of Education Review	10778	1384	43	7,79	1995	14	1.146	1.565
4	Educational Evaluation and Policy Analysis	9749	487	45	20,02	1992	14	2.021	2.685
5	British Journal of Sociology of Education	8423	1322	36	6,37	1989	10	0.753	0.957
6	Journal of Educational and Behavioral Statistics	8284	513	38	16,15	1994	19	1.016	1.304
7	Academy of Management Learning Education	6845	769	37	8,90	2002	1	2.121	3.579
8	Educational Gerontology	6487	2071	27	3,13	1989	15	0.368	0.603
9	Quest	6399	841	36	7,61	1989	41	0.902	0.994
10	Journal of Education Policy	6289	853	33	7,37	1999	14	0.921	1.557
11	Educational Administration Quarterly	6227	726	34	8,58	1989	25	0.723	1.375
12	Academic Psychiatry	6155	1409	25	4,37	1995	19	1.243	1.479
13	Journal of Social Work Education	5926	1669	25	3,55	1989	25	0.439	0.771
14	Journal of Geography in Higher Education	5569	981	27	5,68	1989	13	0.859	1.135
15	Anthropology Education Quarterly	5063	1079	29	4,69	1989	20	0.765	0.930
16	Urban Education	4078	928	25	4,39	1989	23	0.657	0.753
17	Journal of Economic Education	3931	999	24	3,93	1989	20	0.329	0.429
18	Educational Policy	3920	860	26	4,56	1989	3	0.409	0.722
19	Journal of Moral Education	3753	1242	22	3,02	1989	18	0.306	0.604
20	Education and Urban Society	3305	777	22	4,25	1989	21	0.365	0.484

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Table 8. Global results for each of the seven categories of educational research

R	Name	NJ	Н	TC	TP	TC/TP	T200
1	Psychology & Education	41	220	593781	31781	18,68	122
2	Professional Development of Teachers and Curriculum Studies	73	139	405354	63449	6,39	15
3	Scientific Disciplines & Education	38	139	390636	63678	6,13	22
4	Education Studies	59	146	223691	35979	6,22	29
5	Special Education	39	99	198774	26018	7,64	6
6	Social Sciences Disciplines & Education	52	97	160932	35151	4,58	5
_ 7	Education & Technology	25	88	98749	15789	6,25	1

Table 9. Citation evolution in educational research classified by the seven categories

Years	ES	ET	PDTCS	PE	SDE	SSDE	SE	Total
1989	7422	1370	9924	21595	8947	3476	6712	59446
1990	8021	1261	12104	24295	13464	4158	5711	69014
1991	8565	1405	13198	23719	10838	4596	7010	69331
1992	9245	1136	13240	21782	12634	5353	6843	70233
1993	9004	1640	13965	24532	11964	5142	7498	73745
1994	9021	2021	13662	25504	11268	5111	8365	74952
1995	10319	1845	18264	25568	11697	6165	7707	81565
1996	10463	2022	17032	33226	13459	5954	8616	90772
1997	9459	2535	18244	21613	13939	7028	8433	81251
1998	11177	1966	18923	26135	16582	7691	8373	90847
1999	9226	2895	18479	21939	19155	8860	8304	88858
2000	12819	3783	23629	29578	19621	8247	9510	107187
2001	11789	3521	20664	27633	20054	7568	8097	99326
2002	10787	3631	23270	24439	22858	9749	8904	103638
2003	11124	5888	20915	23733	20926	10165	10006	102757
2004	11659	5144	22208	24506	25810	9003	9541	107871
2005	9988	7063	20396	18742	24840	8945	11219	101193
2006	11245	6281	22103	20104	23022	8394	9441	100590
2007	9225	7884	18660	18345	23117	7718	9812	94761
2008	11582	11906	20571	15267	20455	8303	8203	96287
2009	10451	11242	17878	12642	20383	7905	10059	90560
2010	7833	9800	14145	11012	18833	5831	8668	76122
2011	5428	6227	9192	7272	14075	3911	7499	53604
2012	3095	4075	5392	3758	9402	2146	3932	31800
2013	1293	2023	2098	1783	5754	916	1792	15659

# IV. CONCLUSION

This article presents a general overview of the publication and citation structure of all the journals that are currently indexed in WoS in any of the four educational categories. In order to be more specific, this study has classified education research in seven categories: Education Studies, Professional Development and Curriculum Studies of Teachers, Education & Technology, Psychology & Education, Scientific Disciplines & Education, Special Education and Social Sciences Disciplines & Education.

Education Studies is the core category in educational research having many of the leading general education journals. However, Psychology & Education is the discipline with the highest results according to the total number of articles and cites. Another interesting issue seen in the analysis is that most of the journals are English-speaking although some non-English speaking journals are found in the list, but usually far away from the top.

Note that in future research we expect to develop further developments by analysing other general variables including leading authors, universities and countries in the field. Additionally, sometimes it also becomes interesting to focus on a specific region such as Europe or Asia [14].

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