# Analysis of Vendor's Satisfaction Level and Generating an Optimized Vendor Relationship Model in Public Sector Organizations of Pakistan

Umer Asgher, Farooq Akbar, Riaz Ahmad, Aamer Ahmed Baqai, Muhammad Qasim Khan

Abstract- Relative similarity among the vendors and organization is essential to preserve the financial equilibrium as 60% to 70% of the entire outflow is on purchase. Consequently, it is mandatory to optimize the vendor performance in order to decrease wastes, amass input expenditure and organize schedules devoid of compromising on quality and excellence. This is only be achieved by firm's determination, devotion and inspiration of all the stakeholders. Such an optimized individual performance is upshot only by a attitude of contentment, collaboration and synchronization. This research work focuses to measure diverse causative aspects that effect the affiliation among the firms and its vendors. An Optimized Vendor Relationship Model is then calculated with the emphasis on public area associations (firms) in the country. This exploratory study has been conducted by means of 30 comprehensive questionnaires having 40 measures or say aspects asked from top management of a variety of Vendors dealing in Public area associations. This data was analysed to discover the consequence of a variety of aspects comprising mostly the soft and emotional issues on vendor's satisfaction. A comprehensive and Optimized Vendor Relationship Model has been proposed which will be helpful in optimizing the performance of vendors in Public sector organizations of Pakistan. Various factors have been investigated to enhance the better dealing of vendors with the public area firms. This can be achieved by optimizing the organizational vendor's associated processes to develop into a flourishing association. This research work contains an answer to a recognized entail for creating an atmosphere of reliance and collaboration flanked by the vendors and the association both and with shared aspire to adjoin value to the consumers and consequently in the concern and betterment of all stakeholders.

Index Terms— Vendors Relationship, vendor's contentment, vendor's motivation, most excellent practice, optimize relationship model.

# I. INTRODUCTION

Vendor Relationship model (VRM) emphasis on extended relationship with Vendors and an atmosphere of reliance and

Umer Asgher is with the National University of sciences and Technology (NUST), Islamabad, Pakistan (Phone +923335701404; e-mail: umer\_asgher2000@yahoo.com).

Farooq Akbar is with the Centre for Adv. Studies in Eng. (CASE), Islamabad, Pakistan (e-mail: akbarfarooq71@hotmail.com).

Dr. Riaz Ahmad is with the National University of sciences and Technology (NUST), Islamabad, Pakistan (email: riaz@smme.nust.edu.pk).

Dr. Aamer Ahmed Baqai is with the National University of sciences and Technology (NUST), Islamabad, Pakistan (e-mail: aamer.baqai@ceme.nust.edu.pk).

Muhammad Qasim Khan is with the National University of sciences and Technology (NUST), Islamabad, Pakistan. (e-mail: qasim34066@yahoo.com).

synchronization having gigantic involvement and effectual communiqué means. The vendors are esteemed to boost their inspirational scales [1] [2] to the end client and endow with long term benefit to the organizations [3].

Most of the Chinese organizations exercise SRM via the spirit of GUANXI CULTURE, foundations on reliance, genuine goal of teamwork. Other is RENQING CULTURE regarding individual behaviors and focus on arousing factor that should be measured whilst building viable verdict. Sanyo of Japan takes vendors as tactical cohorts. Vendors must be considered as a unite/respect and must be helped in catastrophe by distribution of burden [4].

Lucas Aerospace Birmingham believe that in pouring out vagueness commencing apiece viewpoint, wide-ranging agreements, recital appreciation and a sagacity of vendors tenure [5][6].In contemporary industry atmosphere, two ways of appreciations are essential to excite significant contentment and inspirational levels of vendors, financially viable and communal. Monetary appreciations are in trend with the intention of win-win situation, massive orders and vending rewards. Communal incentives comprise of admiration, esteem, acknowledgment, shore up and a sentiment of relieve [7].

## II. THEORETICAL BACKGROUND

In the countries such as Pakistan, there is tranquil requirement to perk up relationships with vendors especially with the Public area organizations, where vendors are taken as strangers. The only benefit that makes the vendor loyal to the association is not much importance on quality of spare parts and supplementary production. Provoked and pleased vendor is crucial for the triumph of any association subsequently unswervingly translated in superior quality of unprocessed objects or mechanism that consequently shape fineness and superior manufactured goods and enjoys the consumer's trust and in result produce valuable profit for the association to excel. Vendors when asked regarding this incongruity, they characteristic it to the in general secretarial ethnicity and manners in their direction. There is a calamitous requirement to locate sources ascribed to declining vendor's satisfaction in public sector. Thus practicable structure has been estimated for improvement. Stimulus at the back squat production and finale of public area firms, especially in embryonic countries akin to Pakistan is the workforce and administration encompass zilch at their own shoulders and the back-support is the government.

ISBN: 978-988-19252-4-4 WCECS 2012

### III. HYPOTHESIS

In this research, subsequent 3 hypotheses (postulates) are structured to convene the research aims:-

- H1 5 aspects are resolute with Vendor satisfaction in Public area associations of the country.
- H2 The Vendor's satisfaction is absolutely and considerably correlated to the 5 dimensions (aspects).
- H3 The Vendors are usually content in dealing with Public Area.

# IV. FRAMEWORK AND METHODOLOGY

The research model comprises of a dependent relative variables i.e. vendor's satisfaction, is the outcome and it is having five aspects or sources. Every source additionally having a position of evaluators that has outlined as affirmative twisted queries in the review-survey. Here inter-dependency presented in Figure-1.

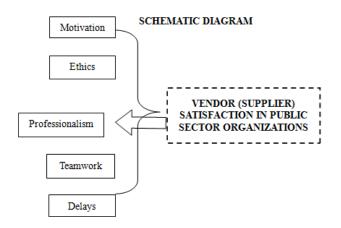


Fig. 1. Cause & Effect Model "Vendor Satisfaction in Public area organizations of Pakistan".

An illustration scope of 30 vendors employed in various prominent public area establishments of country was considered. Those were typically chief executives and high-ranking directors with the age range of b/w 35 – 50.

In this research work experimental study, is a survey that is finest communal exploration technique (FINK, 1995) formed part of the literature review [1] [2] [3] [8]. It was polished after a professional debate with chief executive of a leading Public Area Establishment. It was consisted of seven aspects and overall 40 evaluators meant for those aspects. Every evaluator has changed in an absolutely twisted query by means of reply on 5 statement likert scale as follows:

1. Certainly - 5
2. Quite -certainly - 4
3. May be - 3
4. Not- Sure - 2
5. Certainly- not - 1

Here collected statistics contains about 1200 account-records. Study of the facts was conducted in the form of implications and conclusions using arithmetical utilities such as Statpro, MS Excel and SPSS-17. For

Dependability study of the collected facts, Cronbach Alpha has also been calculated.

# V. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Statistics of 1200 archive-records established on market research of 30 vendors against 40 questions, causing change to Vendor's satisfaction in Public Area has been summarized in Figure- 2 below.

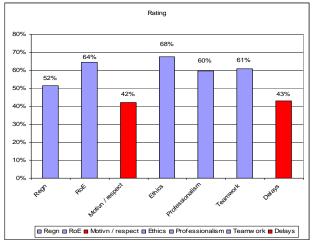


Fig. 2. The assessed Vendor Pleasure levels in Public Area of the country contrary to 7 aspects.

The main areas which have been recognized are motivation/respect and time delays, dropping less than minimal figure of 0.300 (3.0%). In this model analysis, 7 aspects are deliberated. Subsequently owing to their perilous and minor effect, it has established fact so as to they are not reliable with the proposed prototype. In Table- number I, the highlighted facts might be perceived, which further formulates the foundation for disposal of the 2 aspects/dimensions, specifically Registration Process and Return on Investment (RoI).

TABLE I CORRELATION OF 7 DIMENSIONS OF VENDOR SATISFACTION

		Regi strat- ion	Rol	Motiv ation	Ethic s	Professi onalism		Time Delays
Vendor- Satisfac tion	Correlat e values	531	062	.771	.853	.720	.841	.571
	+N	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0

The procedures of registering is a big obstacle and absence of gratification before the commencement of job, but after the procedure is finished, this matter is solved permanently and does not have any consequence impending. Return on Investment (RoI) is also unimportant because profit is definitely there. The return margins at 30 – 35% are the crucial aspects which keep the vendors stuck to the association. To assess dependability of the collected facts, Cronbach's Alpha has been measured using SPSS-17. The goal is to verify the reliability. Perfectly, the rate must be approximately 1. Any number under 0.61 (61%) is deprived, 0.71 is satisfactory and over 0.81 is fine [8]. Here, the outcome is appended underneath in Table II.

ISBN: 978-988-19252-4-4 WCECS 2012

TABLE II
CRONBACH'S ALPHA FOR INTERNAL CONSISTENCY
Reliability Statistics

Cronbach's Alpha	N of Items
.8761	5

The rate of 0.8761 demonstrates the statistics & reasons are reliable and the by means of the reliant consequences. Table-number III, describes an affirmative relationship between the 5 aspects.

TABLE III
POSITIVE CORRELATION OF 5 SHORT LISTED DIMENSIONS

FOSITIVE COR	POSITIVE CORRELATION OF 3 SHORT LISTED DIMENSION							
	Correlations							
	Mtvn	Ethics	Prfnm	Team Work	Time Delays			
Vendor Satisfaction	.771	.852	.721	.841	.571			
Motivation (Mtvn)	1.00	.441	.942	.471	.302			
Ethics	.441	1.00	.552	.993	.881			
Professionalism (Prfnm)	.941	.551	1.00	.591	.551			
Team Work	.471	.991	.591	1.00	.902			
Time Delays	.300	.880	.551	.902	1.00			

Numerical statistics in Table-number IV underneath informs that mean standards of the 5 aspects are 2.111, 3.382, 2.981, 3.041 and 2.153 correspondingly. Nucleus concern recognized is inspirational and delay-time has standards beneath 3.0. Struggle must be worked to lessen delay in time in all measures.

TABLE IV STATISTICAL DATE OF 5 DIMENSIONS

	Mtvn	Ethics	Prfnm	Team work	Time Delays	satisfa- ction
Count	30.0	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
Mean	2.111	3.382	2.981	3.041	2.153	2.781
Median	2.00	3.50	2.82	3.25	2.25	2.762
Std-dvn	.281	.261	.231	.51	.22	.133
Varia -nce	.081 0	.0721	.051	.262	.0493	.0181
Min- imum	1.72	3.00	2.83	2.30	1.83	2.651
Max- imum	2.51	3.611	3.33	3.50	2.33	2.920

The Vendor satisfaction is 2.781, underneath the normal importance shows Vendors are not dreadfully to a large extent pleased in trade with public area organizations. Supplementary showed in Table-number IV work and professionalism is just 3.00, shows that they have contentment though are not optimal and necessitate to additional enhancement. The region that has the highest value is Ethics. The cause at the back is burly answerability traditions. The standard deviation and variance of cooperation is clearly elevated as compared to other aspects have ranking between 0.511 and 0.261 correspondingly. So depicts that not many vendors get pleasure from fine convenience and communiqué over the preponderance.

Table-number V in Figure 3 depicts so as to 15 out of 30 vendor's ranks inspiration at 2 out of 5 (40%), which is to a great extent underneath the standard fact of 3. It also depicts that especially fewer importance is on individual manners and flexible concerns which rouse self-esteem and improve concert obsessed by contentment.

TABLE V FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF MOTIVATION

Rating	Freque -ncy	%age	Valid %age	Cumulative %age
1.751	6.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
2.00	15.00	50.00	50.00	70.00
2.50	9.00	30.00	30.00	100.00
G.Total	30.00	100.00	100.00	

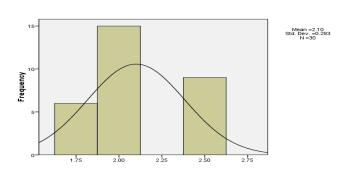


Fig. 3. Frequency Distribution of Motivation.

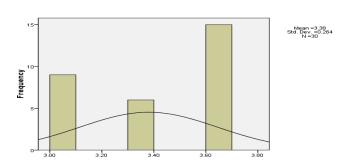


Fig. 4. Frequency Distribution of Ethics.

ISBN: 978-988-19252-4-4 WCECS 2012

TABLE VI FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF ETHICS

TREQUERTED DISTRIBUTION OF ETHICS					
Rating	Frequ-	%age	Valid	Cumulative	
	ency		%age	%age	
3.00	9.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	
3.40	6.00	20.00	20.00	50.00	
3.60	15.00	50.00	50.00	100.00	
G.Total	30.00	100.00	100.00		

Table-number VI and Fig 4 depicts that 15 out of 30 vendors encompass motivation is 3.60 of 5.00 (72.00%), that is too high. Motive at the back is burly answerability customs and lengthy examination periods and retirement fund reimbursement forces staff to linger on to some extent.

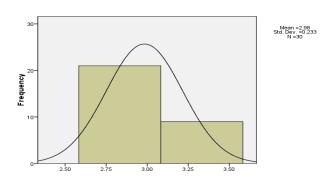


Fig. 5. Frequency Distribution of Professionalism.

TABLE VII FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF PROFESSIONALISM

Rating	Frequency	%age	Valid %age	Cumulative %age
2.832	22	70.00	70.00	70.00
3.331	8	30.00	30.00	100.00
G.Total	30	100.00	100.00	

Table-number VII in Figure 5 depicts 22 out of 30 vendors ranked professionalism as 2.832 out of 5, which is somewhat beneath the standard appraisal of 3. Education and counceling of human resources need to be aligned with the commercial traditions.

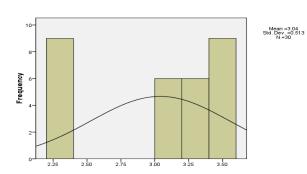


Fig. 6. Frequency Distribution of Team work.

TABLE VIII FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF TEAM WORK

Rating	Frequency	%age	Valid %age	Cumulative %age
2.31	9	30.00	30.00	30.00
3.12	6	20.00	20.00	50.00
3.41	6	20.00	20.00	70.00
3.54	9	30.00	30.00	100.00
Total	30	100.00	100.00	

Table-number VIII in Figure 6 depicts a gash tendency in group work, which shows that a few vendors take pleasure in enhanced communiqué, convenience and supervision above the others owing to individual dealings. At present is a requirement to augment vendor's amalgamation, partnership and two mode interactions.

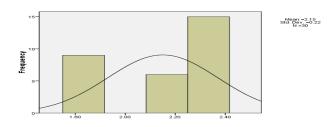


Fig .7. Frequency Distribution of Delays.

TABLE IX FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF DELAYS

Rating	Frequency	%age		Cumulative %age
2.331	15	50.00	50.00	100.00
2.162	6	20.00	20.00	50.00
1.831	9	30.00	30.00	30.00
G. Total	30	100.00	100.00	

Table-number IX in Figure 7 depicts a deprived tendency concerning time delays. Furthermore the mean fact as apiece Table-number III is 2.151. At hand is a requirement to decrease procedure time-delay via workplace mechanization and utilize of IT, particularly quick expenses to vendors.

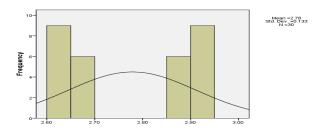


Fig.8. Frequency Allocation of the Vendor Satisfaction.

TABLE X FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF VENDOR SATISFACTION

FREQ	FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF VENDOR SATISFACTION					
Rating	Frequency	%age	Valid %age	Cumulative %age		
2.645	9	30.00	30.00	30.00		
2.651	6	20.00	20.00	50.00		
2.881	6	20.00	20.00	70.00		
2.921	9	30.00	30.00	100.00		
G.Total	30	100.00	100.00			

ISBN: 978-988-19252-4-4

Table-Number X in Figure 8 depicts with the purpose of the vendor contentment cascade underneath the preferred worth. As apiece the figures in table, the mean value is 2.781 which in addition grants that vendor contentment has been prearranged precedence.

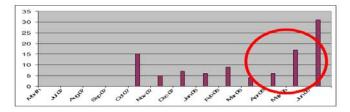


Fig. 9. Month-wise allocation of professional activity in a Year.

The figure above demonstrates that there was not any professional commotion in the preliminary three months that is because of the unavailability of assets. Here irregular dissemination of corporate activity all through the year. It is noticed that this tendency is just to use all the funds preceding the commencement of fiscal year. A lot of excess, needless buying at extraordinary amount, substandard worth and avoidance of measures has taken place during that time

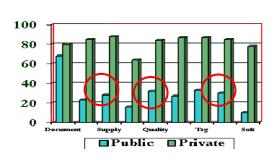


Fig 10. Public & Private Area Contrast.

The figure shown above displays public and private area contrast where time delays, supplier association and lenient concerns at sensitive extent in public area organizations.

# VI. HYPOTHESIS PROOF

- a. Established on the rate of Cronbach's A=0.876, the 1st postulate H1 stays correct because the aspects has established reliable and correlated by means of Vendor Pleasure.
- b. Founded in Table III, the second postulate stays correct because Vendor's Satisfaction be absolutely & expressively connected to 5 aspects.
- c. Centered upon the small average worth of vendor satisfaction 2.781 that drops under usual rate 3.0 consequently the void postulate H0 for H3 is that they are not gratified in collaborating with public area establishments in the country.

### VII. FINDINGS

- a. The essential parts which have been recognized are motivation / admiration and interruptions, dropping under the minimal rate of 30%.
- b. As the registration while complicated is done in the start and stances no effect in future, registration and RoI does not influence a lot in vendor's satisfaction.
- c. Majority of professional activity is twisted headed for the last two months towards the closing of fiscal year. The professional activity begins three months later due to unavailability of financial resources and is not equally disseminated over the year.
- d. The 5 recognized aspects viz. motivation, morals, effectiveness, collaboration and interruptions are absolutely and meaningfully connected with vendor's satisfaction in public area.
- e. There is essential requirement to emphasis especially on motivation and delays in time by improved vendor's involvement. Motivation can be improved by giving due admiration, assessments and appreciation on good show. Struggles are made to lessen time days in distribution measures, waiting phase for conferences and issue of expenses so that the money flow scheme of vendors should not be hindered.
- f. The average of reliant variable that is the general outcome of Vendor's satisfaction is 2.781, which is under the standard rate and displays that the vendors are not considerably content in collaborating with public area.
- g. Bulk of vendors has valued motivation at 2.00 out of 5, ethics at 3.61, and professionalism at 2.81 and time delay is 2.321. With respect to collaboration, there is a fragmented poll that depicts that some vendors relish worthy communiqué, approachability and supervision from the establishments.
- h. The general satisfaction trend is while divided even then it is under the standard rate and permits distinct consideration.
- i. Time delays, supplier supervision and lenient matters are at a sensitive level in public establishments in comparison with private organizations.

# VIII. CONCLUSION AND AN OPTIMIZED VENDOR'S RELATIONSHIP MODEL (OVRM)

"Motivation, emancipation and satisfaction" are the crucial foundations and mainspring for any accomplishment. Vendors should be deliberated as associates and must be provided owed importance. Establishments and vendors should have the identical aim that is to gratify the requirement of consumer. The more is the vendor's satisfaction and inspiration; more is the deliverable feature in goods and facilities. Since, together the establishment and the vendor are restrictions due to availability of funds, they should exert as a group effort to increase their RoI. Along with the features of vendor administration recognized in the study and to enhance the vendor's effort a new prototype has been developed that has been called as **OVRM.** It could be

ISBN: 978-988-19252-4-4 WCECS 2012

of a huge assistance if applied in real essence. On the foundation of the facts and debates by means of professionals, the prototype progressed. This prototype model as appended below might perform as a practicable outline for optimal vendor amenities and optimum presentation in public area establishments of the country.



Fig. 11. Optimized Vendor Relationship Model (OVRM).

Optimizing the contentment of vendors in public area sections by means of particular importance on pliable area analogous to creating an atmosphere of reliance, improvement of long-standing interdependency, quick imbursement and admiration will absolutely consequence in a concentrated discrepancy, improved inspiration & contentment and generalization of procedure enhancing the complete performance. Consequently various practical recommendations for public area associations of country and additional promising countries, to augment Vendor's satisfaction in greater concern of the organization and the consumers, are as beneath:

- a. Build extensive relations which are advantageous to both parties.
- b. Instruct trainings and build up structure on current vendor instead of choosing fresh.
- c. Develop communiqué and amalgamation.
- d. Consider vendors as buddies by means of admiration.
- e. Share common things to build up collaboration.
- f. Lessen time delay via procedure of computerization plus utilization of IT procedures.
- g. Make sure swift expense payments and dealings.
- h. Carry out appreciation and gratitude depending upon the effort put in.
- i. Contribute to resource sharing.
- j. Regular meet-ups at vendor locations.
- k. Possession, empower and proprietary.
- 1. Sentiment of industry sanctuary.
- m. Just, parity and righteousness.
- n. Intelligibility.

- o. Definitely laid written measures.
- p. Offer predilection to producers, Original Equipment Manufacturers, exporters, entire sellers and QC qualified vendors relatively than all-purpose order vendors and suppliers.
- q. Hold and shorten time delay and cost augmentation.
- r. In case of deliberate vendors, option to "Cost Plus" arrangements, with see-through spending so as to defend common benefit.
- s. Engage vendors, starting from the plan stage for cost-cutting, time saving.
- t. Obviously describe the examination and inspection measures and manufactured item's conditions in contract documents so that practical quotes are acquired with strong antagonism.

#### IX. LIMITATIONS AND FUTURE RESEARCH

Owing to scarcity of time, assets and convenience to all types of firms inside the public area, the focal point restricted to defense sector setup in the country only. Though future work shall be buoyant to envelop other public associations like factories, purchase department etc. Consequently, a more generalized research will possibly emerge.

# REFERENCES

- [1] Xiuna Jia and Lin Bai, "The Supplier Relationship Management Applying Management Thoughts of Customer Relationship Management", in proc 4th Intl. Conf. Wireless Communications, Networking and Mobile Computing, 2008, WiCOM '08, pp. 1 - 3.
- [2] Christensen, J. GTE and Irving, TX, "In pursuit of Vendor Quality Excellence," this paper appears in Communications, in Conf. Rec, SUPERCOMM/ICC '92.IEEE Intl. Conf. Discovering a New World of Communications, vol.2, pp. 1129 - 1133.
- [3] Ming-Hon Hwang and Hsin Rau, "Development of a supplier selection approach from the viewpoint of the entire supply chain," in proc, Intl. Conf. Machine learning and Cybernetics, 2008 Vol: 7 pp. 3938 – 3945.
- [4] Yang Hong-tao and Jiang Ying, "Research on the relation between GUANXI culture and the stability of entrepreneurial supply chain," in proc, Intl.conf. Logistics Systems and Intelligent Management, 2010 pp. 1348 – 1352.
- [5] Reeves, D.J, "The Management of Customer/supplier Relationships - The Experience of a First Tier Supplier," in *IEE Colloquium on Manufacturing. World Class Manufacture for SMEs.* 1996.pp. 4/1 - 4/3.
- [6] Balachandra, R., "Some strategic aspects of faster new product introduction," in proc, Intl.conf. Technology Management: the New International Language, 1991. pp. 226 – 229.
- [7] Wang, D., Yezhuang Tian and Yunquan Hu, "Configuration and posture of organizational boundaries in supplier relationship," in IEEE intl, conf. Engineering Management Conference, 2005. Vol 1 p.p.113 – 117.
- [8] Uma Sekaran and Roger Bougie, Research Methods for Business A Skill Building Approach. 5th Ed, W. J. Wiley, 2000. Ch 1-4

ISBN: 978-988-19252-4-4 WCECS 2012